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# Background



### What is the census?

The census is undertaken by the Office for National Statistics (ONS) every 10 years, since 1801, and gives the ONS a picture of all the people and households in England and Wales. The census asks questions about individuals, their household and their home. In doing so, it helps to build a detailed snapshot of society. Information from the census helps the government and local authorities to plan and fund local services, such as education, doctors' surgeries and roads.

The latest Census took place 21 March 2021 and the first results were released on 28 June 2022, with further releases on 2 November 2022. The response rate for the 2021 Census was at 97% of the usual resident population of England and Wales and more than 88% in all local authorities (exceeding the targets of 94% overall and 80% in all local authorities).

### **Local authorities and the 2021 Census**

The census is important to local authorities across England and Wales. It is also vital to the government and many other public sector organisations.

This is because it gives information to help:

- develop policies
- plan and run services, such as schools, health services, roads and libraries
- decide how to allocate funds to make sure public funds get to where they are needed most

For example, census data showing how many people work in different jobs and industries are used to develop new job and training policies. Information on how people travel to work and how many cars they have contributes to planning roads and transport.







## **Headline figures for Southampton**



**248,922** people resident in Southampton



Total population Increased by 5.1%



Population aged under 5 decreased by -10.5%

Population aged **5 to 14** increased by **20.9%** 



Population aged 15 to 24 decreased by -9.4%



People aged 65 to 84 increased by 13.7%

People aged **85 and over** has **decreased** by **-2.0%** 



Population density **49.9** people per hectare

An **increase** of **2.4** people per hectare



Number of households **102,291** 

An increase of 4.1%



census 2021





## Census 2021 population size and structure





## **2021 Census – Population Size**

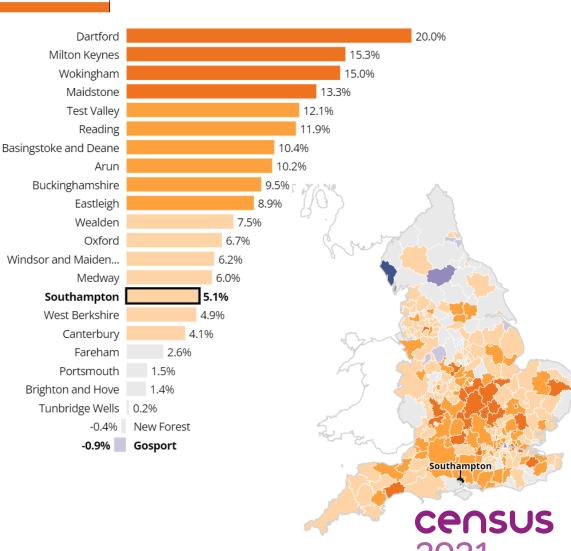


### Population change (%) of local authority areas in England between 2011 and 2021



- There were **59,597,542** people living in **England and Wales** on 21 March 2021, the day of the latest census. This is over **3.5 million more (6.3%)** than in 2011 and is the largest census population ever recorded.
- The English region with the largest population increase was the East of England, which grew by around 8.3% or 488,000 more residents. The English region with the smallest increase was the North East, growing by 1.9% or around 50,000 people. In Wales, the population grew by 1.4% or 44,000 people.
- In Southampton, the population size has increased by 5.1%, from around 236,882 in 2011 to 248,922 in 2021. This is lower than the overall increase for England (6.6%), where the population grew by nearly 3.5 million to 56,490,048 and lower than the South East (7.5%).
- Nearby areas like Test Valley and Eastleigh have seen a greater increase in their populations, by around 12.1% and 9.0%, respectively, while others such as Fareham saw a smaller increase (2.6%) and New Forest saw a decrease of -0.4%.







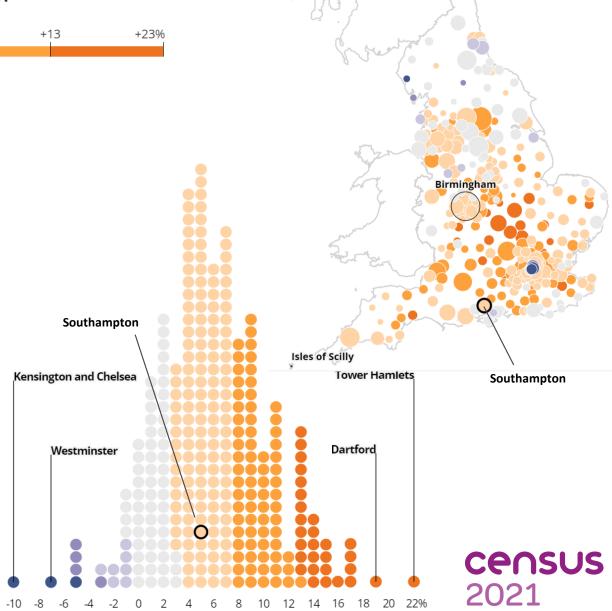
## **2021 Census – Population Size**

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- Across all local authority areas in England, Southampton's population increase is middle of the road
- Tower Hamlets saw the largest percentage growth in population in England, increasing 22.1% between 2011 and 2021. Dartford was second, increasing 20.0%.
- Some local authority areas have seen their populations decline. Kensington and Chelsea had an estimated population of 143,400 in 2021, which was around 15,200 fewer than in 2011 and a decrease of 9.6%.
- The total population of local authority areas varies a lot, from Birmingham with around 1,144,900 people to the Isles of Scilly with around 2,100 people. The sizes of the circles on the map are proportionate to the size of the population in each local authority area



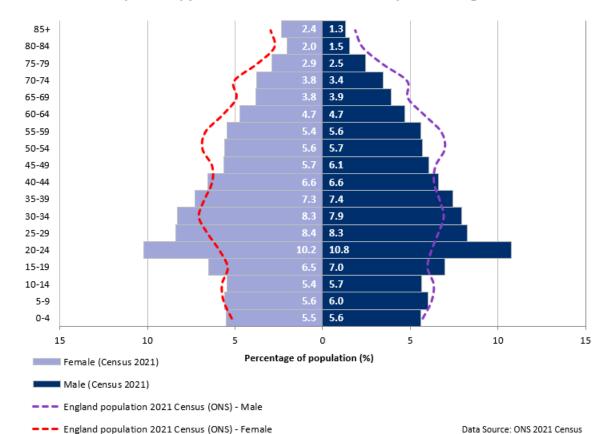




## **2021 Census – Population Structure**



#### Population pyramid for Census 2021: Southampton and England



**Southampton** continues to have a much **younger** population profile in comparison to **England** as a whole.

- The population for England increased by 6.3% to 56,490,048 people in 2021, whilst in Southampton the population increased by 5.1% to 248,922
- Comparing against England, the biggest difference in the age structure of the population is in those aged 20 to 24. In Southampton they account for 10.5% of the total population compared to 6.0% for England
- Southampton has a lower percentage of those aged 50 to 54 (5.6%) and those people aged 70 to 74 (3.6%) when compared to England (6.9% for those people aged 50 to 54 and 5.0% for those aged 70 to 74 years)







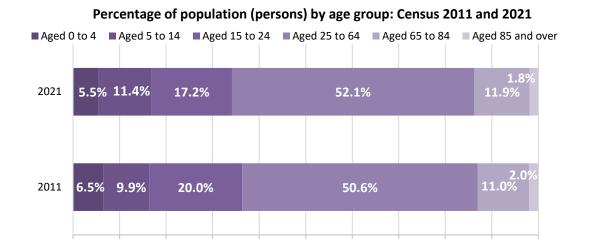
# Population change by age



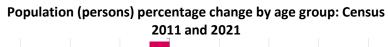


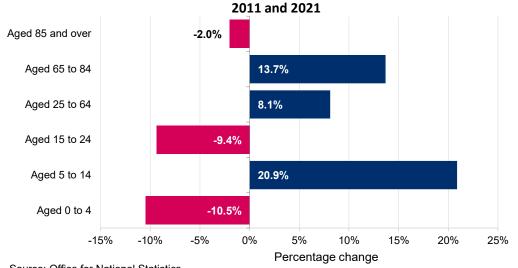
### 2021 Census – Population change by age

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Percent of population





Source: Office for National Statistics

- Southampton's population aged under 5 years in 2021 is 13,795 (5.5%) compared to 15,407 (6.5%) in 2011. Overall, this is a decrease of -10.5% and is reflective of decreasing birth rates nationally and locally.
- The population aged 5 to 14 has increased by 20.9% to 28,288 (11.4%) from 23,402 (9.9%) in 2011.
- The population aged 15 to 24 has decreased to 42,892 (17.2%) in 2021 from 47,326 (20.0%) in 2011, a decrease of -9.4%. This is likely a reflection of reduced student residency in line with pandemic national and University policies at the time of the 2021 Census
- The number of people aged 65 to 84 has increased by 13.7% to 29,676, reflecting the ageing population
- However, the very old, aged **85 and over** has **decreased** by -2.0%, which may be influenced by higher levels of pandemic related deaths amongst older people



Source: Office for National Statistics

census

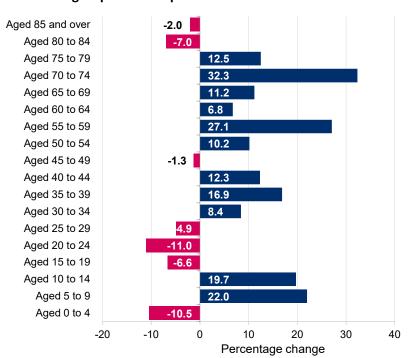


## 2021 Census – Population change by age

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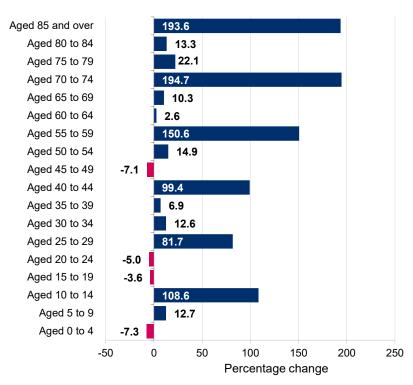
### % Population change by age group for **England** and **Southampton**

## Population (persons) percentage change by age group: Southampton - Census 2011 and 2021



Source: Office for National Statistics

Population (persons) percentage change by age group: England - Census 2011 and 2021



Source: Office for National Statistics

A comparison of relative population change between Southampton and England is provided below

Overall, in **England**, there has been...

- An increase of 81.5% in people aged 65 years and over
- An increase of 34.5% in people aged
   15 to 64 years
- An increase of 37.1% in children aged under 15 years.

In **Southampton**, there has been...

- An increase of 11.3% in people aged65 years and over
- An increase of 3.2% in people aged 15 to 64 years
- An increase of 8.4% in children aged under 15 years.









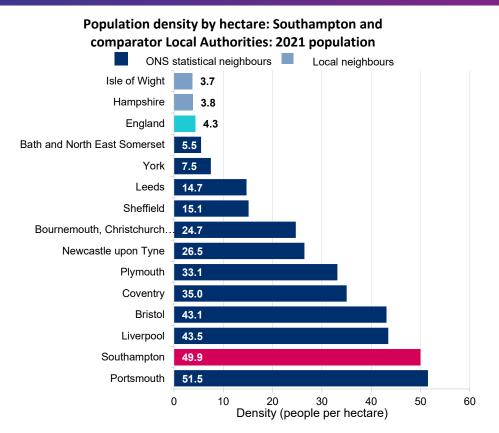
# **Population density**





## 2021 Census – Population density

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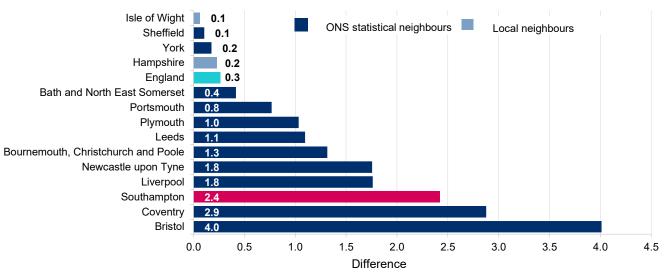


Source: Office for National Statistics.

- Among our comparators, **Portsmouth** is the **most densely** populated at **51.5 people per hectare** (an increase of 0.8)
- The Isle of Wight is the least densely populated at 3.7 people per hectare (an increase of 0.1)

- Population density in Southampton increased from 47.5 people per hectare in 2011 to 49.9 per hectare in the 2021 Census; a change in density of 2.4 people per hectare. This means Southampton is now more densely populated than in 2011
- Southampton has the 2<sup>nd</sup> highest population density among our ONS comparators and is the 2<sup>nd</sup> most densely populated area amongst the South East's 64 local authorities

## Difference in population density by hectare: Southampton and ONS comparator Local Authorities: Census 2011 and 2021



Source: Office for National Statistics.

Please note: Bournemouth, Christchurch and Poole in the Census 2011 data is made up of the three individual areas









# Living arrangements

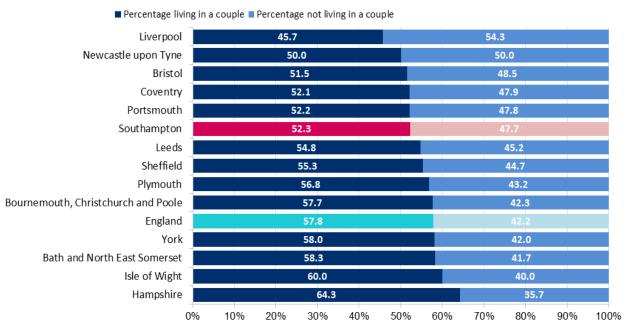




## **2021 Census – Living arrangements**



#### Living arrangements: Southampton and comparator Local Authorities: Census 2021



Source: Office for National Statistics.

Percentage of population aged 16 and over

- In Southampton the number of people living in a couple has increased by 7.5% since the 2011 Census
- There has been an **increase** of **21.6%** in cohabiting couples
- The percentage of people who are single has **increased** by **1.7%**
- The percentage of people who are widowed has fallen by -14.7% between the 2011 and 2021 census



- In Southampton 52.3% of people aged 16 and over live in a couple and 47.7% are not living in a couple. This reflects the number of young people students (37,800) in Southampton. Compared to 57.8%, in England, living in a couple and 42.2% not living in a couple
- In Southampton, of the number of people living in a couple,
   69.4% are either married or registered in a civil partnership,
   30.4% are cohabiting and 0.2% are separated but still married or in a civil partnership
- Of those not living in a couple, 68.5% are single (never married and never registered a civil partnership), 3.2% are married or registered in a civil partnership but not living together, 4.0% are separated, 14.9% divorced and 9.4% widowed.
- The range among Southampton wards 61.0% (7,058) of people in Sholing are living in a couple compared to 39.0% (5,543) in Bevois again reflecting the large student population of the city, conversely 78.4% of people in Portswood are single never married and never registered in a civil partnership





## Households

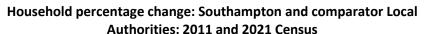


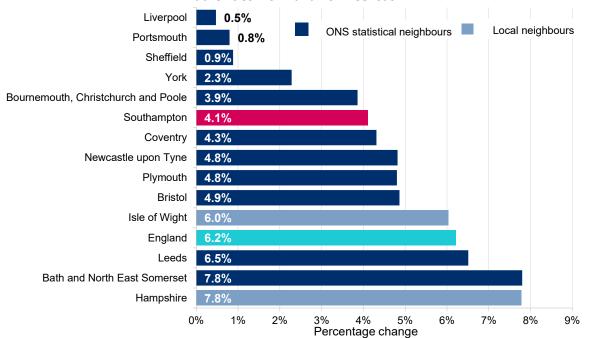


### 2021 Census - Households

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- The number of households in Southampton with at least one resident increased from 98,254 in 2011 to 102,291 in Census 2021; an increase of 4.1%
- England had a larger increase in households (6.2%)





Source: Office for National Statistics.

Please note: Bournemouth, Christchurch and Poole in the Census 2011 data is made up of the three individual

	Households			
Local Authority	Census 2011 households	Census 2021 households	Difference (Census 2011 and 2021)	Percentage change
Hampshire	545,254	587,693	42,439	7.8%
Bath and North East Somerset	73,515	79,250	5,735	7.8%
Leeds	320,596	341,466	20,870	6.5%
England	22,063,368	23,436,085	1,372,717	6.2%
Isle of Wight	61,085	64,775	3,690	6.0%
Bristol	182,747	191,638	8,891	4.9%
Plymouth	109,307	114,558	5,251	4.8%
Newcastle upon Tyne	117,153	122,797	5,644	4.8%
Coventry	128,592	134,139	5,547	4.3%
Southampton	98,254	102,291	4,037	4.1%
Bournemouth, Christchurch and Poole	167,379	173,842	6,463	3.9%
York	83,552	85,459	1,907	2.3%
Sheffield	229,928	231,950	2,022	0.9%
Portsmouth	85,473	86,155	682	0.8%
Liverpool	206,515	207,491	976	0.5%

- Southampton has the 6<sup>th</sup> lowest change in households when compared with our ONS comparators
- Hampshire and Bath and North East Somerset saw the greatest increase at 7.8%, whilst Liverpool (0.5%) and Portsmouth (0.8%) saw the least growth in the number of households between 2011 and 2021.





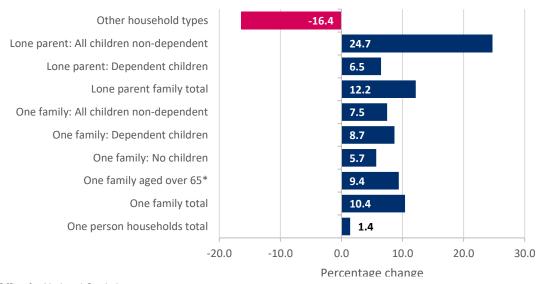


## **2021** Census – Household composition



- The number of one person households in Southampton has increased from 33,241 in 2011 to 33,711 in Census 2021; an increase of 1.4%
- Older person single households increased by 1.5% between 2011 and 2021 (it should be noted that in 2011 census older people were classified as aged 65 and over. In the 2021 Census they are classified as 66 and over)
- Single family households increased from 53,070 in 2011 to 58,597 households in 2021 an increase of 10.4%
- Lone parent families increased from 10,048 in 2011 to 11,270 in 2021 an increase of 12.2%
- The number of other household types including full time students fell from 11,943 in 2011 to 9,983 households in 2021 a decrease of -16.4%. This may be due to fewer student households in Southampton due to the COVID-19 pandemic restrictions.

#### Percentage change in household composition by household type: Southampton 2011 to 2021 Census



Source: Office for National Statistics

- In England, single family households made up 63.0% in 2021 compared to 62.6% in 2011
- In **2021 30.1**% were one person households (**30.2**% in 2011)
- In 2021 6.9% were other household types (8.0% in 2011)



<sup>\*</sup> In 2011 census older people were classified as aged 65 and over in the 2021 Census they are classified as 66 and over.





## Households – cars and vans



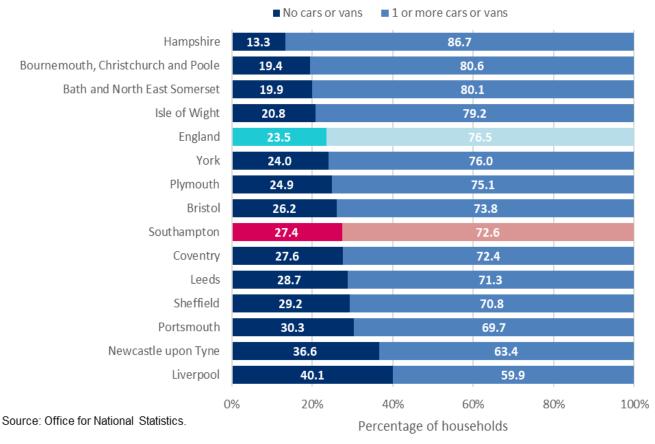


## 2021 Census – Cars and vans



- In **Southampton 27.4%** of households have no cars or vans in their household. Compared with **23.5%** in **England.**
- Among our comparators Liverpool has 40.1% of households with no car or van and Bournemouth with just 19.4% of households with no cars or vans.
- 72.6% of households in Southampton have at least one or more cars or vans. In more detail this is
  - 44.3% own one car or van (41.3% in England)
  - 21.8% own two cars or vans (26.1% in England)
  - 6.5% own three or more cars or vans (9.1% in England)
- In Southampton there has been an increase of +7.2% in households with one or more cars or vans and a fall of -3.4% in households with no cars or vans, compared with 9.5% increase in England in households with one or more cars or vans and a fall of -3.1% in households with no cars or vans







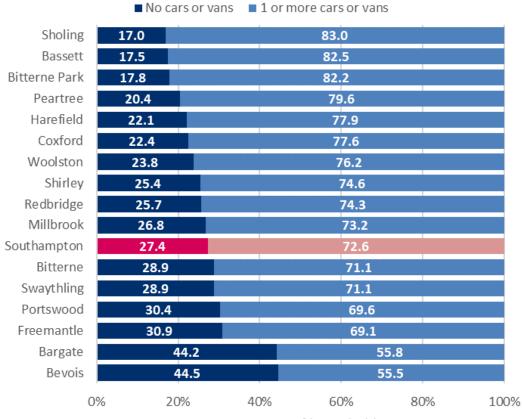




### 2021 Census – Cars and vans



## Cars and vans: Households with or without cars or vans: Southampton and wards - Census 2021



Source: Office for National Statistics.

Percentage of households

- In Southampton sub-city areas, **44.5**% of households in **Bevois** and **44.2**% of households in **Bargate** have **no cars or vans**, both among the most urban areas in Southampton
- Sholing has the highest percentage of households that have one or more cars and vans (83.0%), of those 52.7% own one car or van.
- Households in **Bargate (55.5%)** and **Bevois (55.8%)** have the lowest percentage of car and van ownership in households
- But of those households who do have a car or van, in Bargate
   79.4% of households have one car or van
- 11.4% of households in Harefield have three or more cars or vans, this may reflect the number of multiple occupancy student households









# Migration – Country of birth



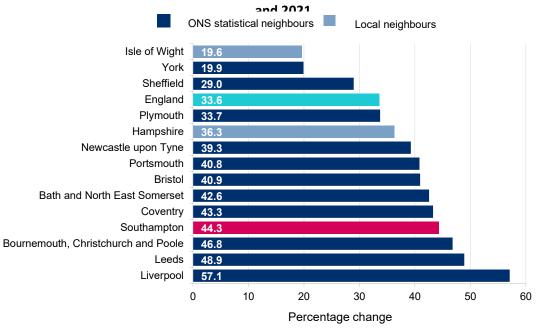


### **2021 Census - Migration**

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- In Southampton, the number of people born outside the UK has increased by 44.3% from 41,651 in 2011 to 60,098 in 2021
- The number of people born in the UK decreased by -3.3% from 195,231 in 2011 to 188,823 in 2021
- In England the number of non-UK born residents has increased by 33.6%

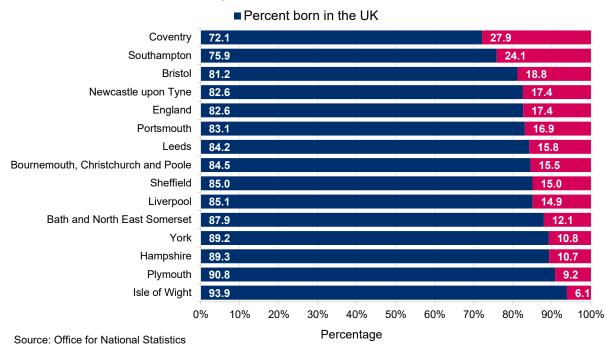
Country of birth - percentage change of residents not born in UK: Southampton and ONS comparator Local Authorities: Census 2011



Source: Office for National Statistics. Bournemouth, Christchurch and Poole in the Census 2011 data is made up of the three individual areas



## Country of birth: Percentage born in UK and Non-UK: Southampton and ONS comparator Local Authorities: Census 2021



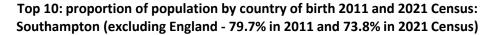
- Southampton has the **4<sup>th</sup> highest** change in number of non-UK born residents when compared with our **ONS comparators**
- The largest change is in Liverpool an increase of 57.1% and the lowest is the Isle of Wight with an increase of 19.6%
- Amongst ONS comparator areas, only Coventry has a higher percentage of it's population born outside the UK (27.9%).

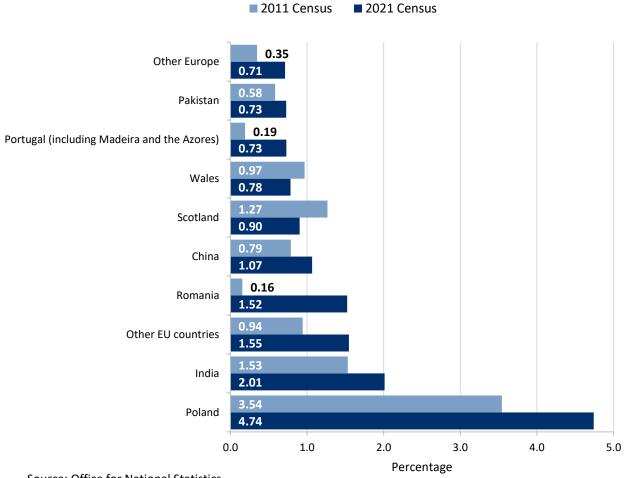


## 2021 Census – Migration



- Across the UK population, the three most common non-UK countries of birth in 2021 were the same as in 2011, namely India, Poland and Pakistan.
- This is similar in Southampton, with Poland, India and 'Other EU countries' making up the top three
- In the UK, the number of people born in Romania increased by 459,000 (576%), making Romania the fourth most common non-UK country of birth
- The number of Southampton residents from **Romania** has increased from 369 in 2011 to 3,794 in Census 2021; an increase of 928.2% or over 10 times more people than in 2011. This increase is likely driven by working restrictions for Romanian citizens being lifted in 2014.
- Residents from Portugal, increased by just over 300% from 454 in **2011** to **1,818** in **2021**
- Residents from Spain increased by 179.3% from 392 in 2011 to 1,095 in 2021; 2.8 times higher















# Migration – Passports held





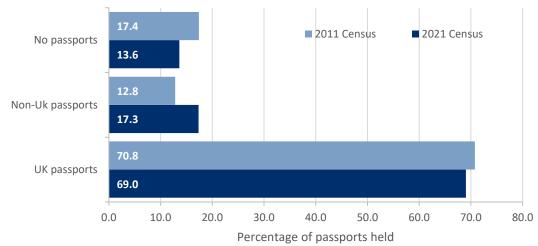
## 2021 Census – Migration – passports

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### In Southampton:

- 215,024 (86.4%) people held at least one passport in 2021, an increase of 8.6% from 2011. This is similar to the national picture (86.5% in the UK)
- 33,897 (13.6%) had no passport a decrease of -17.8% between 2011 and 2021 (13.5% in the UK)
- 43,148 (17.3%) held a non-UK passport an increase of 41.9% between
   2011 and 2021 (9.9% in the UK)

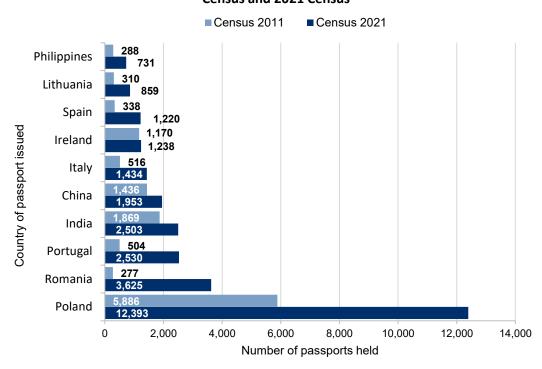
## Percentage of passports held between 2011 and 2021 Census: Southampton



Source: Office for National Statistics



#### Top 10 countries holding non-UK passportsSouthampton: 2011 Census and 2021 Census



Source: Office for National Statistics

### Non-UK resident passports held:

- Polish passport holders increased from **5,886** in **2011** to **12,393** in **2021**; an **increase** of **6,507** (**110.6%**)
- Romanian passport holders increased from 277 in 2011 to 3,625 in 2021;
   an increase of 3,348 (1,208.7%)
- In the UK the top three non-UK passports held were from **Poland, Romania** and **India**







# Migration – Year and age of arrival



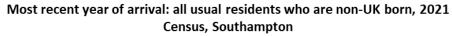


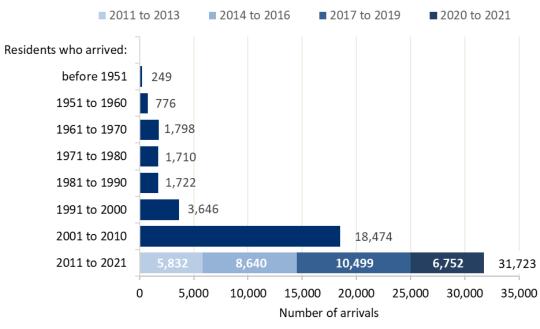
## 2021 Census – Migration – year of arrival



Of the **60,099** Southampton residents in **2021** who were not born in the UK:

- 31,723, or over half (52.8%) arrived in the city over the last decade (since 2011). This is higher than the England average (42.4%) and the third highest amongst ONS comparator areas, with only Liverpool (59.6%) and Newcastle (55.5%) having higher proportions.
- 18,474 (30.7%) arrived between 2001 and
   2010 (compared with 26.9% in the UK)
- 9,901 (16.5%) arrived before 2001 (compared with 30.7% in the UK) restrictions.





Source: Office for National Statistics

- Data does not include people who had arrived and then left, following Brexit in 2020.
- Smaller numbers of arrivals between 2020 and 2021 may have been caused by COVID-19 travel







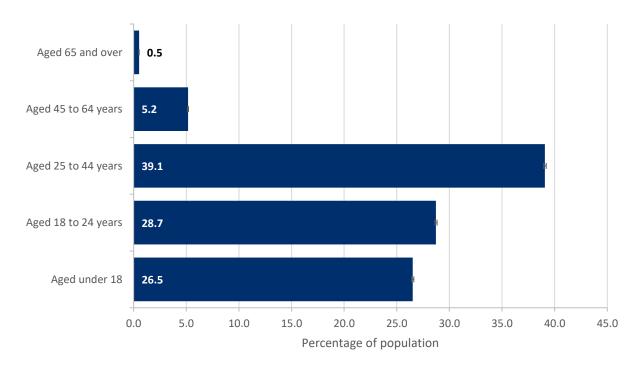
## 2021 Census – Migration – age of arrival



Of the **60,099** Southampton residents in **2021** who were not born in the UK:

- The majority were of **working age** when arriving in the UK, with the greatest proportion aged between **25 to 44 years**
- 15,937 were aged under 18 years when they arrived in the UK (26.5%), compared with 30.2% in the UK
- 17,263 were aged 18 to 24 years (28.7%) compared with 25.3% in the UK
- 23,484 were aged 25 to 44 years (39.1%) compared with
   38.2% in the UK
- 3,105 were aged 45 to 64 years (5.2%) compared with 5.5% in the UK
- Only 310 were aged 65 years and over when they arrived (0.5%) compared with 0.8% in the UK

#### Percentage of people by age of arrival in the UK: Southampton 2021 Census



Source: Office for National Statistics

Notes: Percentages are based on total number of non-UK born residents (60,099)









## **Armed forces veterans**





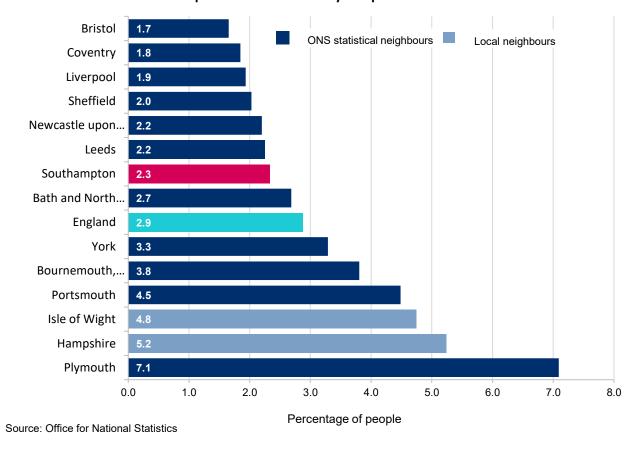
### **2021** Census – Armed forces



New for the Census 2021 are questions on armed forces veterans:

- In Southampton 4,770 (2.3%) residents have previously served in the UK armed forces (compared with 2.9% in England)
- Southampton is ranked 7<sup>th</sup> lowest among our ONS Comparators
- Plymouth (7.1%) has the largest percentage of residents who have served in the UK armed services and Bristol has the lowest (1.7%)
- 1,346 (0.7%) residents have previously served in UK reserve armed forces (compared with 0.7% in the UK)

## Percentage of people who have previously served in UK armed forces - Southampton and local authority comparators: Census 2021











## **Language – Proficiency in English**





## 2021 Census – Language – Proficiency in English

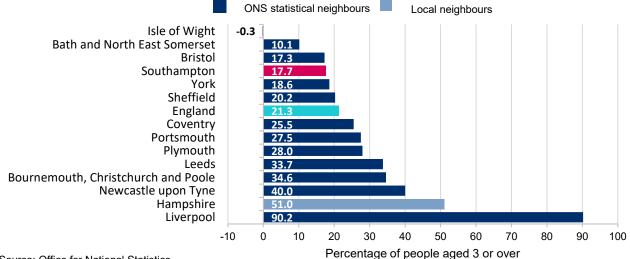
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- In Southampton **203,603** (**84.6**%) residents aged over 3, speak English as their main language
- For 37,044 (15.4%) residents English is not their main language

Of the **37,044** people, in Southampton whose main language is not English:

• 5,398 (14.6%) cannot speak English well an increase of 17.7% since 2011 (Compared with an increase of 21.3% in England). Southampton has seen the 3<sup>rd</sup> smallest change among our ONS Comparators

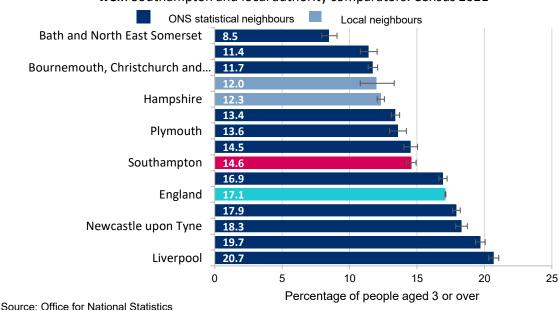
Proficiency in English - Main language is not English - **Cannot speak English well**: Southampton and local authority comparators: percentage difference between Census 2011 and 2021



Source: Office for National Statistics

Office for National Statistics

Proficiency in English - Main language is not English - **Cannot speak English** well: Southampton and local authority comparators: Census 2021



- Among our comparators, Liverpool is the highest area with **20.7%** cannot speak English well, and Bath and North East Somerset were the lowest with **8.5%**
- Liverpool showed the largest **increase** in residents who cannot speak English well (**90.2%**) and Bath and North East Somerset saw the lowest comparator **increase** (**10.1%**). The Isle of Wight showed a **fall** of **-0.3%** between Census 2011 and Census 2021





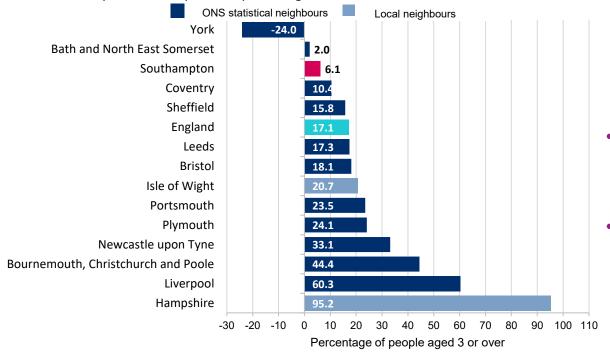
## 2021 Census – Language – Proficiency in English



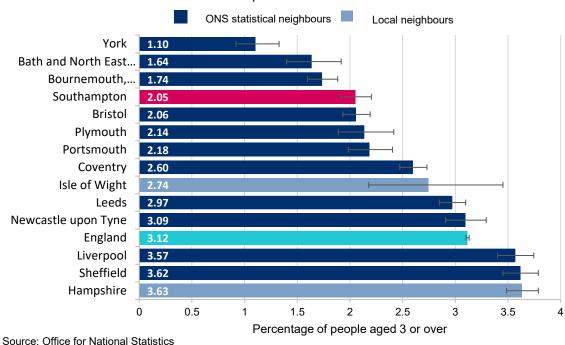
Of the **37,044** people, in Southampton whose main language is not English:

- **761** (**2.1%**) residents **cannot speak English** (compared with **3.1%** in England)
- There has been an **increase** of **+6.1%** since Census 2011 (Compared with an **increase** of **17.1%** in England)

Proficiency in English - Main language is not English - **Cannot speak English**: Southampton and comparators: percentage difference between Census 2011 and 2021



Proficiency in English - Main language is not English - **Cannot speak English**: Southampton and comparators: Census 2021



- Among our comparators and local neighbours, Hampshire is the highest area with **3.63%** residents who **cannot speak English**, and York is the lowest with **1.1%**
- Liverpool showed the largest **increase** of **+60.3**% and York showed the largest **decrease** of **-24.0**% between Census 2011 and Census 2021 for our ONS comparators. Hampshire showed the largest **increase** of our local neighbours in residents who **cannot speak English** (**+95.2**%)







# Languages spoken



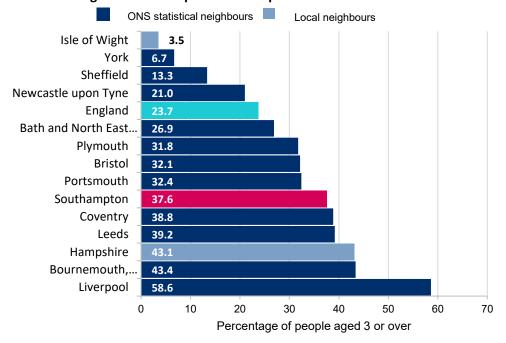


### 2021 Census – Languages spoken

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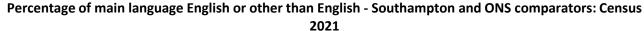
- In Southampton, 15.4% of residents aged over 3 years do not speak English as a main language compared with 9.2% in England
- There has been an **increase** of **+37.6%** of residents whose main language is not English since Census 2011 (compared with an **increase** of **+23.7%** in England)

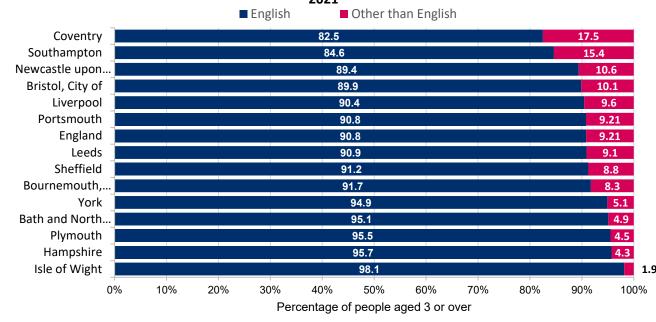
Percentage change in number of people whose main language is other than English - Southampton and comparators: Census 2011 and 2021



Source: Office for National Statistics







Source: Office for National Statistics

- Coventry is the highest area with 17.5% residents who do not speak English as their main language and the Plymouth is the lowest of our ONS comparators with just 4.5% of residents who do not speak English as their main language
- **Liverpool** showed the **largest increase** in residents whose main language is not English (**58.6**%) and the **York** with **smallest increase**, **3.5**% of our ONS comparators between Census 2011 and Census 2021

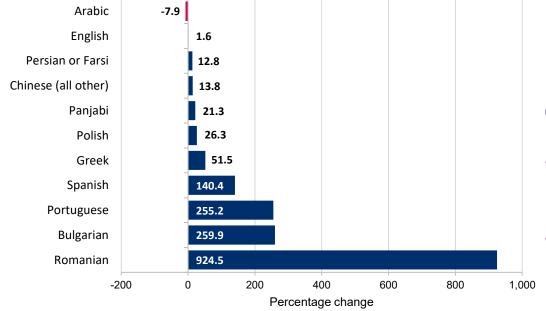


### 2021 Census – Languages spoken



- The Census recorded over 88 languages spoken in Southampton
- The largest language other than English was Polish with 10,436 (4.34%)
  residents
- The next largest was Romanian with 3,176 (1.32%) of residents

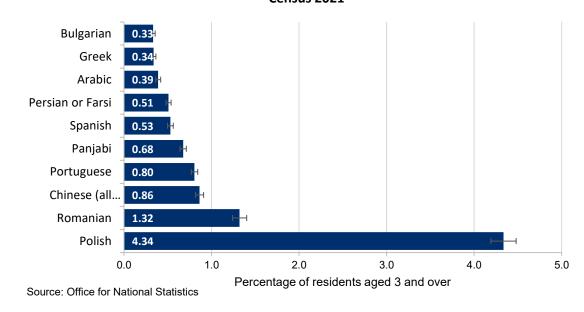
Top 11 (including English) languages spoken in Southampton, percentage change: Census 2011 to 2021.



Source: Office for National Statistics



Top 10 languages spoken in Southampton. Excluding English (84.6%): Census 2021



Of the top 10 (11 including English) most spoken languages in Southampton:

- The number of residents speaking English increased by 1.6% between Census 2011 and 2021
- The largest **increase** was **Romanian** speakers from **310** in 2011 to **3,176** in 2021, **10 times higher** or +924.5% **increase**. The next largest increase are in **Bulgarian** speakers an **increase** of **+259.9%**
- The number of **Arabic** speakers **decreased** by **-7.9**% despite being in the top 10 most spoken languages in Southampton.







## **Ethnicity**

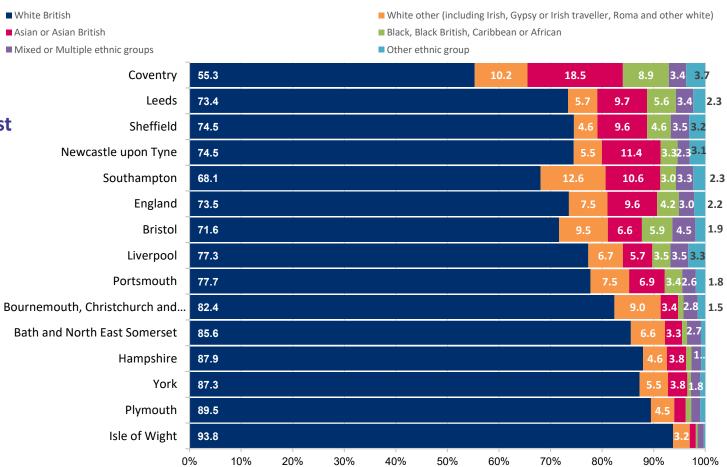




### 2021 Census - Ethnicity



- In the Census 2021 there are 293 different ethnic groups classified
- In Southampton, 68.1% of the population are white
   British with 12.6% white other
- Amongst our ONS comparators, Coventry have the lowest percent (55.3%) of residents who are white British and Plymouth the highest (89.5%), and among local neighbours the Isle of Wight has the highest at 93.8%
- In Coventry, 18.5% are Asian or British Asian compared with 10.6% in Southampton, 9.6% in England, 2.2% in Plymouth and only 1.2% in the Isle of Wight
- In Southampton, there has been a decrease of -7.9% of residents who classify themselves as white British since Census 2011. Compared with decrease of -1.7% in England
- Looking in more detail, in Southampton, 4.0% of residents are Polish, 3.7% are Indian or British Indian and 1.7% are
   Chinese



Percentage of people

Percentage of Ethnic Group - Southampton and ONS local authority comparators: Census 2021



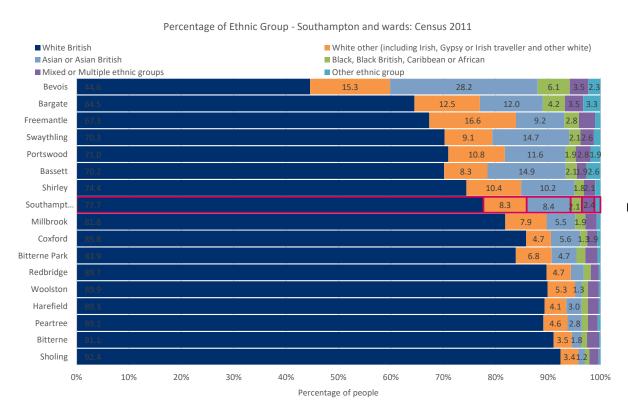


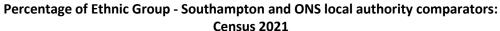


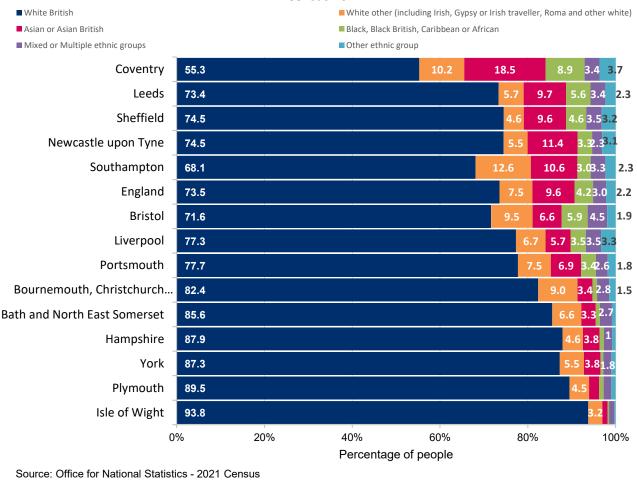
### 2021 Census – Ethnicity (wards)

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- The tables below show the percentage of ethnic groups by ward for Census 2011 and 2021.
- Wards with greater diversity than the city average remain the same. Bargate's diversity has increased the most among wards since the previous Census.







Source: Office for National Statistics - Census 2011









## Religion

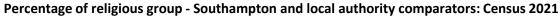


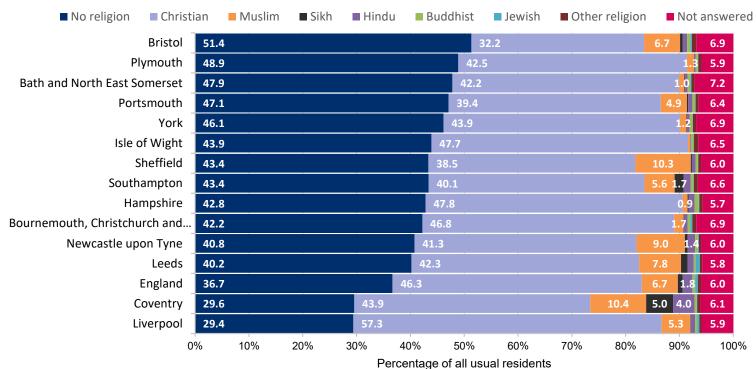


### 2021 Census – Religion

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- In Southampton:
  - 43.4% had no religion
  - 40.1% were Christian
  - 5.6% were Muslim
  - 1.7% were Sikh
  - 1.3% were Hindu
  - 0.5% were Buddhist
  - 0.1% were Jewish
  - **0.7%** were of **another** religion
  - 6.6% didn't answer the question
- In England 36.7% had no religion, 46.3% were
   Christian and 6.7% were Muslim
- Amongst our comparators Liverpool has the largest percentage of Christians (57.3%) and Bristol has the smallest percentage at 32.2%
- The largest percentage of Muslims live in Sheffield (10.4%) and Coventry (10.3%) and the lowest area is the Isle of Wight with only 0.4%





Source: Office for National Statistics

- In Southampton the percentage of people who are **Muslims** has **increased** by **+40.3%**. The percentage of **Christians** has **fallen** by **-18.1%**. Those with **no religion** has **increased** by **36.1%** since 2011
- Compared to England, where the percentage of people with no religion has increased by 58.0%. The percentage of Christians has fallen by -16.9%.
   The percentage of people who are Muslim has increased by +42.9%.







## **National identity**

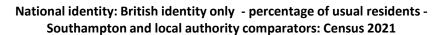


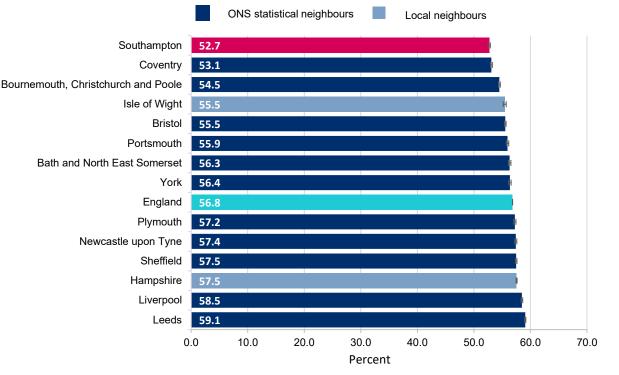


### 2021 Census - National identity

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- In 2021, 52.7% of Southampton's usual residents identify themselves as British only, compared to 56.8% in England. This was the lowest percentage among Southampton's comparator group and local neighbours.
- The highest percentage among the ONS group was Leeds with 59.1% who identified as British only.

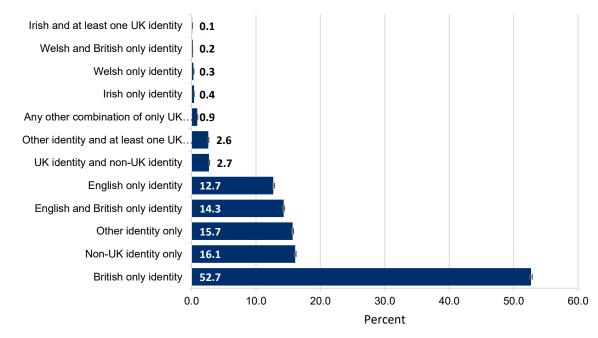




Source: Office for National Statistics. Please note: Respondents could select more than one national identity.

### Office for National Statistics





Source: Office for National Statistics. Please note: Respondents could select more than one national identity.

- In Southampton 16.1% of residents identified themselves as Non-UK identity only. Higher when compared with 10.0% for England
- Among our comparators and local neighbours the highest percentage of residents identifying as Non-UK identity only was Coventry (18.2%) and the lowest was the Isle of Wight (3.3%)





## Schoolchildren and students

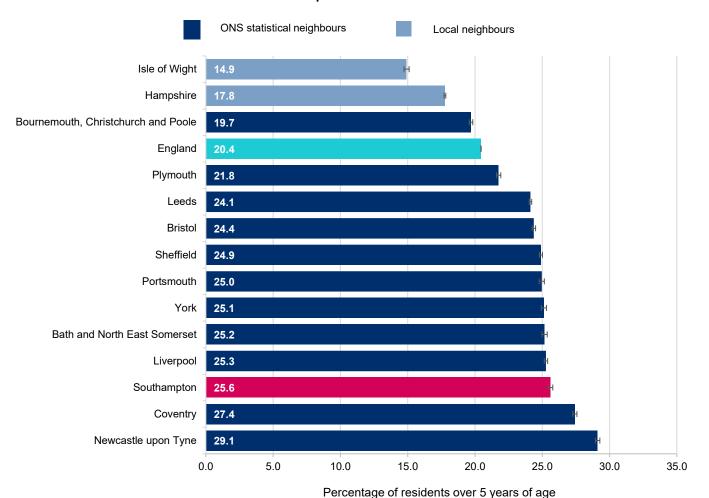




### **2021 Census – Schoolchildren and students**



#### Percentage of residents aged 5 years and over in full-time education - Southampton and ONS comparators: Census 2021



Source: Census 2021. Office for National Statistics

- In Southampton **25.6%** (the 3<sup>rd</sup> highest amongst our ONS comparators) of usual residents aged 5 and over are full-time schoolchildren or students (including adults) higher when compared to 20.4% in England
- Among our ONS comparators the highest area was Newcastle upon Tyne with 29.1% of the over 5 year old population who were schoolchildren or students.
- Bournemouth, Christchurch and Poole where the **lowest** amongst our ONS comparators with 19.7% of the over 5 year old population who were schoolchildren or students.









## **Sexual orientation**



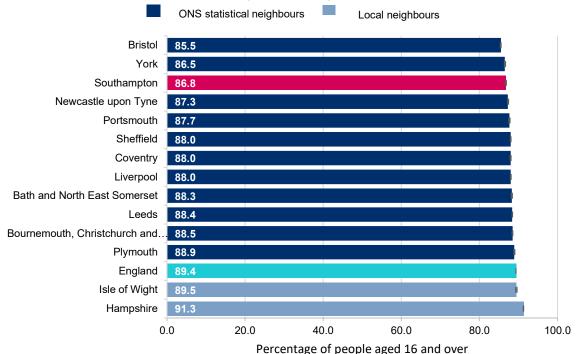


#### **2021 Census – Sexual orientation**

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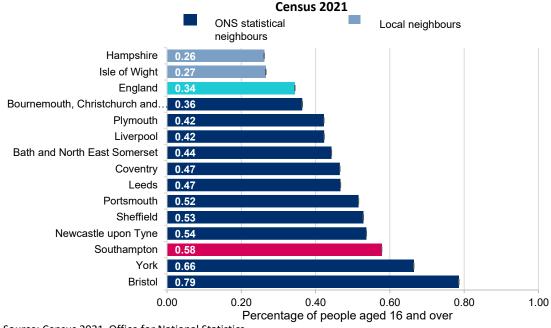
- In Southampton, **86.8%** (the 3<sup>rd</sup> lowest amongst our ONS comparators) of usual residents aged 16 and over are straight or heterosexual **lower** when compared to **89.4%** in England.
- Among our ONS comparators the highest percentage was for Plymouth with 88.9% of usual residents aged 16 and over were straight or heterosexual. Bristol had the lowest percentage at 85.5%.

### Percentage of people aged 16 and over who identify as straight or heterosexual: Southampton and comparators - Census 2021



Source: Census 2021. Office for National Statistics

Percentage of people aged 16 and over who identify as pansexual, asexual or queer and all other sexual orientations: Southampton and comparators -



Source: Census 2021. Office for National Statistics

- In Southampton, **1.99%** (the 5<sup>th</sup> highest amongst our ONS comparators) of people aged 16 and over gay or lesbian, **higher** when compared to **1.54%** for England.
- In Southampton, **0.58%** (the 3<sup>rd</sup> highest amongst our ONS comparators) of people aged 16 and over identified as pansexual, asexual or queer and all other sexual orientations. **Higher** when compared with **0.34%** for England.









## **Gender identity**



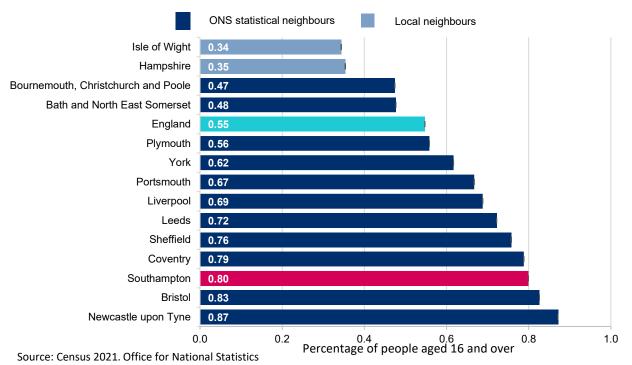


### **2021** Census – Gender identity\*

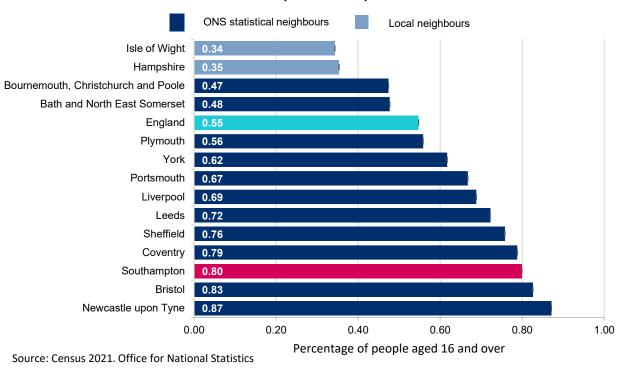
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- In Southampton, **92.3%** (the 2<sup>nd</sup> lowest amongst our ONS comparators) of usual residents aged 16 and over were the same as the sex registered at birth lower when compared to 93.5% for England.
- Among our **ONS comparators**, Plymouth was the **highest** percentage (94.2%) of usual residents straight or heterosexual. The lowest was Coventry at 91.6%.

#### Percentage of people aged 16 and over, gender identity as other sex than registered at birth: Southampton and comparators - Census 2021



Percentage of people aged 16 and over, gender identity as other sex than registered at birth: Southampton and comparators - Census 2021



- In Southampton, **0.80%** (the 3<sup>rd</sup> highest amongst our ONS comparators) of residents aged 16 and over had a gender identity of other than the sex that they were registered as at birth **higher** compared to **0.55%** in England.
- In Southampton, 308 (0.15%) of people aged 16 and over identified as Trans women and men, higher compared to

\*Results for gender identity estimates from the 2021 Census should not be used as National Statistics precise estimates to support service delivery but can be used to provide insights.





## **General health**



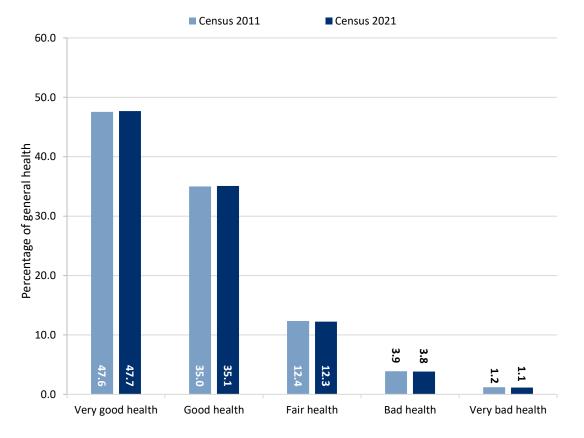


### 2021 Census – General health



- In Southampton, **47.7**% of usual residents considered themselves to be in very good health, **lower** than England at **48.5**%.
- In Southampton 1.1% of residents consider themselves in very bad health, lower when compared with 1.2% in England.
- In 2021, **82.8**% of Southampton residents thought themselves to be in **good or very good health, higher** than **82.5**% of local residents in **2011**, or the **2021** percentage for **England** of **82.2**%.
- Across England 5.2% of residents thought themselves to be of bad or very bad health in 2021, Southampton had a lower percentage than England with 5.0% reporting in 2021 to be of bad or very bad health. This was also lower than 2011 Census finding of 5.1% Southampton residents in bad or very bad health.
- It is worth noting, these self-reports of health reports in Census 2021 took place in the middle of the COVID-19 pandemic.

### General health by level, Southampton and ONS comparators: Census 2011 and 2021 with percentage change



Source: Census 2021, Office for National Statistics









# Disability



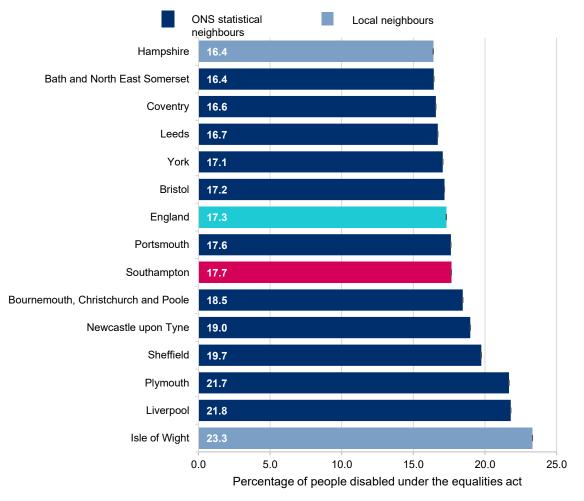


### **2021 Census – Disability**

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- In Southampton, 17.7% of all usual residents are disabled under the Equality Act, higher than England (17.3%).
- Southampton is ranked 7<sup>th</sup> highest among our ONS comparators, with Liverpool the highest at 21.8% and Bath and North East Somerset the lowest at 16.4%.
- In Southampton, **6.9%** of residents are not disabled under the Equality Act but have a long term physical or mental health condition that doesn't impact on day-to-day activities. **Lower** when compared to **6.8%** in England.
- For the first time the Census 2021 created age standardised proportions (ASP) for disability that allow for comparison between populations over time and across geographies, as they account for differences in the population size and age structure.
- Using this methodology, in Southampton, 8.2% (ASP) of residents are disabled under the Equality Act higher when compared with
   7.5% (ASP) England and day-today activities are limited a lot.
- In Southampton, **11.3%** (ASP) have their day to day activities limited a little, higher than England **10.2%** (ASP).

### Percentage of people disabled under the equalities act, Southampton and ONS comparators: Census 2021



Source: Census 2021. Office for National Statistics









## **Future releases**





Further detailed data from Census 2021 will be released between now and the summer of 2023.

Some of the releases that are expected are:

- Families
- Living arrangements
- Marriage and civil partnership status



The Southampton Data, Intelligence and Insight team will release more updates on the Southampton Data Observatory as the data is made available.

More information is available on the Office for National Statistics Census 2021 website:

https://www.ons.gov.uk/census



